

1255 - Substring Frequency

A string is a finite sequence of symbols that are chosen from an alphabet. In this problem you are given two non-empty strings **A** and **B**, both contain lower case English alphabets. You have to find the number of times **B** occurs as a substring of **A**.

Input

Input starts with an integer **T** (≤ 5), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case starts with two lines. First line contains **A** and second line contains **B**. You can assume than $1 \leq \text{length}(\mathbf{A}), \text{length}(\mathbf{B}) \leq 10^6$.

Output

For each case, print the case number and the number of times **B** occurs as a substring of **A**.

Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
4	Case 1: 0
axbyczd	Case 2: 4
abc	Case 3: 2
abcabcabcabc	Case 4: 5
abc	
aabacbaabbaaz	
aab	
aaaaaa	
aa	

Note

Dataset is huge, use faster I/O methods.